

GCE

Chemistry A

Advanced GCE

Unit F324: Rings, Polymers and Analysis

Mark Scheme for June 2011

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Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the Report on the Examination.

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ALLOW Kekulé structures throughout

	le structures throughout	1	<u>, </u>
Question	Answer	Mark	
1 (a)	AlCl ₃ + Cl ₂ \longrightarrow AlCl ₄ ⁻ + Cl ⁺ \checkmark curly arrow correct intermediate \checkmark correct products to Cl ⁺ \checkmark curly arrow from C -H bond back to reform π -ring H ⁺ + AlCl ₄ ⁻ \longrightarrow AlCl ₃ + HCl \checkmark Note: 1st curly arrow should start within the ring or on the ring Note: ALLOW mechanism using Kekulé structures:	6	DO NOT ALLOW the following intermediate: H CI π-ring must be more than 1/2 way up AND 'horseshoe' the right way up, ie gap towards C with CI ALLOW + sign anywhere inside the 'hexagon' of intermediate ALLOW mechanism with CI–CIAICI ₃ for 1st 2 marks, ie CI CI AICI ₃ Second curly arrow to either –CI or AICI ₃ Note: If Br ⁺ is used, DO NOT ALLOW 1st mechanism mark but all other marks available by ECF

Q	uestic	on	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1	(b)	(i)	CI		Each mark is independent of the other ALLOW C ₆ H ₅ Cl for chlorobenzene
			+ CI ₃ CCHO + H ₂ O		ALLOW any unambiguous structure for Cl ₃ CCHO, e.g. CCl ₃ CHO BUT DO NOT ALLOW CCl ₃ COH
			1st mark: reactants, correctly balanced, ✓ ie 2 C ₆ H ₅ Cl + Cl ₃ CCHO		Standalone mark
			2nd mark : product, (correctly balanced) ✓ ie H ₂ O	2	Standalone mark
		(ii)	6 ✓	1	
	(c)		substitution/nitration/NO₂ at different positions (on the ring) OR forms different isomers OR multiple substitution/nitration ✓	1	ALLOW examples, e.g. 1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene and 1-chloro-2-nitrobenzene ALLOW 'it' for nitro group ALLOW examples, e.g. 1-chloro-2,3-dinitrobenzene IGNORE nitrate/NO ₃
	(d)		In phenol, (lone) pair of electrons on O is (partially) delocalised into the ring ✓ QWC : delocalised/delocalized/delocalise, etc must be spelt correctly in the correct context for benzene OR phenol at least once		ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED ALLOW diagram to show movement of lone pair into ring but delocalised ring must be mentioned ALLOW lone pair of electrons on O is (partially) drawn/attracted/pulled into delocalised ring IGNORE 'activates the ring'
			electron density increases/is high ✓ ORA		DO NOT ALLOW charge density or electronegativity
			Cl₂/electrophile is (more) polarised ✓ ORA	3	ALLOW Cl ₂ is (more) attracted OR Cl ₂ is not polarised by benzene OR induces dipoles (in chlorine/electrophile)
			Total	13	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	donates a lone pair (on N) OR accepts a proton/H⁺ ✓	1	IGNORE 'forms a dative covalent bond' (no direction of lone pair) ALLOW 'forms a dative covalent bond with/to H⁺' ALLOW mark for N:→H⁺ (can be from correct equation)
		(ii)	(C ₂ H ₅ NH ₃ ⁺) ₂ SO ₄ ²⁻ ✓ C ₂ H ₅ NH ₃ ⁺ CH ₃ COO ⁻ ✓	2	ALLOW (C ₂ H ₅ NH ₃) ₂ SO ₄ DO NOT ALLOW (C ₂ H ₅ NH ₃) HSO ₄ OR (C ₂ H ₅ NH ₃ ⁺) HSO ₄ ⁻ brackets not required ALLOW (C ₂ H ₅ NH ₃) (CH ₃ COO) OR (C ₂ H ₅ NH ₃ ⁺) (CH ₃ COO ⁻) brackets not required ALLOW separate ions with or without a '+' sign between them, e.g. C ₂ H ₅ NH ₃ ⁺ + CH ₃ COO ⁻
	(b)	(i)	diazonium ion compo	COOH bund B	In diazonium ion, IGNORE Cl ⁻ ALLOW '+' sign up to halfway along triple bond from left-hand N In compound B, ALLOW –OH ionised as –O ⁻ ALLOW –COOH ionised as COO ⁻
		(ii)	conditions = alkaline /OH⁻ AND use = dye/pigment/colouring ✓	1	BOTH responses required for one mark ALLOW named alkali, e.g. NaOH/KOH ALLOW base IGNORE references to temperature ALLOW use = indicator

F324 Mark Scheme June 2011

C	Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
2	(b)	(iii)	Organic product: N OH COO Na ⁺ ✓		IGNORE phenoxide: O OR O Na ALLOW COO OR COONA
			Other products: CO ₂ AND H ₂ O ✓	2	ALLOW H ₂ CO ₃ Note: must be formulae and not names (in question)
	(c)		$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1	ALLOW N_2^+ on structural formula $ \text{ALLOW } C_6H_5N_2^+ + \ H_2O \rightarrow C_6H_5OH + N_2 + H^+ $ $ \text{ALLOW } C_6H_5N_2CI + \ H_2O \rightarrow C_6H_5OH + N_2 + HCI $ $ \text{If + charge shown, IGNORE its position } $
-			Total	9	
			i Otal	<u> </u>	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Mark	Guidance
3	(a)		monomers join/bond/add/react/form polymer/form chain AND another product/small molecule e.g. H₂O/HCl ✓ QWC must spell AND use 'monomer(s)' correctly throughout	1	IGNORE 'two' when referring to monomers, ie (two) monomers
	(b)	(i)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2	ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) ALLOW benzene ring for C ₆ H ₅ 'End bonds' MUST be shown (do not have to be dotted) ALLOW one or more repeat units but has to have a whole number of repeat units (<i>ie</i> does not have to be two) For ester, DO NOT ALLOW — O — C — O — O
		(ii)	H CH ₃ H CH ₃ C C C C C	1	ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) ALLOW one or more repeat units but has to have a whole number of repeat units (<i>ie</i> does not have to be two) 'End bonds' MUST be shown (do not have to be dotted) IGNORE brackets IGNORE n

Q	Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
3	(c)		compound C H CH ₃ C COOH CO		ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) ALLOW CH ₂ C(CH ₃)COOH
			compound D and compound E $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3	ALLOW D and E by ECF from an incorrect structure of C provided that C contains a double bond and molecular formulae of D and E is $C_4H_8O_3$ with H_2O added across double bond
	(d)	(i)	но	1	ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) e.g. (CH ₃) ₂ CHOH DO NOT ALLOW –HO IGNORE working (<i>ie</i> other structures) provided correct structure of propan-2-ol is shown IGNORE name (even if wrong)

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Mark	Guidance
3	(d)	(ii)	OR acid anhydride:	1	ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) OR (2-)methylpropanoic acid DO NOT ALLOW incorrect name (will CON a correct structure) ALLOW acyl chloride: (CH ₃) ₂ CHCOCl IGNORE working provided correct structure of propan-2-ol is shown
		(iii)	Hydrogen bonds form with water ✓ Note: Can be shown in diagram as dashed line, ie (no label required) DO NOT CON 'hydrogen bond' from an incorrect hydrogen bond in diagram Mandelic acid forms more hydrogen bonds (with water) ✓ ORA Mandelic acid has an extra OH OR 2 OH groups OR has a COOH group ✓ ORA	3	ALLOW a diagram showing hydrogen bonds with water, dipole and lone pair are not required ALLOW a hydrogen bond to C=O, ie C=OH-O IGNORE bond angles Diagram does not need to show all of mandelic acid (IGNORE if wrong) ALLOW any comparison of numbers of hydrogen bonds provided that mandelic acid has more hydrogen bonds DO NOT ALLOW 'No -OH groups in ester (as there are)' DO NOT ALLOW reference to -OH-/ hydroxide IGNORE reference to carbon chain and van der Waals' forces Note: If a response compares Ester 1 with Ester 2 rather than with mandelic acid, maximum of 2 marks: 1st mark hydrogen bonds 2nd mark Ester 2 has more Os/oxygens OR Ester 2 forms more hydrogen bonds

F324 Mark Scheme June 2011

	Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
3	(d)	(iv)	To test for (adverse) side effects OR to test toxicity OR to test for irritation ✓	1	ALLOW a stated adverse side effect, eg allergy, carcinogenic, etc IGNORE references to optical isomers, chirality, etc IGNORE vague statements such as harmful to skin, dangerous to skin, corrosive to skin, reacts with skin ALLOW company liable to litigation/damages
			Total	13	

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
4	Equations CH ₃ COCHO + 4[H] → CH ₃ CHOHCH ₂ OH ✓ CH ₃ COCHO + [O] → CH ₃ COCOOH ✓ Reduction reagents and observation Methylglyoxal is reduced by NaBH ₄ ✓ Oxidation reagents and observation Methylglyoxal is oxidised by H ₂ SO ₄ AND K ₂ Cr ₂ O ₇ ✓ Observation: turns green OR blue ✓ OR Methylglyoxal is oxidised by Tollens' reagent ✓ Observation: Silver (mirror) ✓	1 1 1 2 2	ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED Throughout question, ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula DO NOT ALLOW molecular formulae ALLOW partial reduction (ie reduction of either C=O group) [H] implies reduction [O] implies oxidation reduced AND reagent are both required for the mark ALLOW link to equation with [H] for reduction ALLOW LiAlH4 as alternative for NaBH4 ALLOW any recognisable attempt at name IGNORE any reference to acids oxidised AND reagent are both required for the mark ALLOW link to equation with [O] for oxidation ALLOW Na2Cr2O7 instead of K2Cr2O7 ALLOW H* AND Cr2O72O7 OR H* AND CrO42C If name given, ALLOW dichromate OR dichromate(VI) ALLOW acidified dichromate ALLOW any strong acid If formulae used, formulae must be correct ALLOW AgNO3 in ammonia OR ammoniacal AgNO3 ALLOW oxidised by manganate Observation: decolourised Note: If one reaction is identified as oxidation, assume the other is reduction (and vice versa)
	Total	5	

Q	uesti	on	Answer	Mark	Guidance
5	(a)		idea of separating (the components/compounds) ✓ idea of (identifying compounds) by comparison with a (spectral) database ✓	2	ALLOW (identifies compounds) using fragmentation (patterns)/fragment ions (but IGNORE molecular ions) ✓ Note: Each marking point does not need to be linked to GC or MS (The question asks about GC–MS as a combined technique)
	(b)	(i)	54.2% of 118 OR 54.2/118 x 100 = 64/63.96 (hence there are 4 oxygens) ✓		IGNORE calculation that proves that $C_4H_6O_4$ has a molar mass of 118 (ie 12 x 4 + 6 x 1 + 16 x 4) ALLOW 64/118 x 100 = 54.2% for 1st mark IGNORE method using empirical formula
			118 – 64 = 54 hence 4 carbon (48) and 6 hydrogen (6) ✓	2	ALLOW any reasonable working leading to 4C Note: 54.2(%) ÷ 16 would not get the 1st mark but the answer could be used to get the 2nd mark
		(ii)	carboxyl group OR carboxylic acid ✓ must be name (in question)	1	IGNORE working, e.g. O-H, C=O, C-O on IR spectrum

Que	estion	Answer	Mark	Guidance
5 (0	(c) (i)	Chemical shifts Any two peaks identified for 1 mark \checkmark peak at δ = 0.8 ppm due to R–CH / CH ₃ CH peak at δ = 3.4 ppm due to HC–C=O peak at δ = 11 ppm due to COOH / carboxylic acid	1	ANNOTATIONS MUST BE USED CHECK SPECTRUM for responses ANNOTATE with '^' For peak at $(\delta =)$ 0.8 (ppm), ALLOW doublet and vice versa For peak at $(\delta =)$ 3.4 (ppm), ALLOW quartet ' and vice versa For peak at $(\delta =)$ 11 (ppm), ALLOW singlet and vice versa
		Splitting quartet shows adjacent CH₃ OR 3 adjacent Hs ✓ doublet shows adjacent CH OR 1 adjacent H ✓	2	ALLOW peak at δ = 2.4 ppm for peak at δ = 3.4 ppm ALLOW tolerance on δ values: ± 1 ppm For quartet, ALLOW quadruplet
		Identification	1	ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous)
	(ii)	(CD ₃) ₂ SO / D / It does not absorb OR does not give a peak ✓	1	ALLOW (CD ₃) ₂ SO / does not contain H ALLOW undeuterated solvents would absorb OR give peaks ALLOW responses in terms of (CH ₃) ₂ SO producing peaks but IGNORE number of peaks
	(iii)	TMS is the standard (for chemical shift measurements) ✓	1	ALLOW TMS is the reference OR TMS has $\delta = 0$ (ppm) OR for calibration IGNORE unreactive, volatile, it gives a sharp peak
	(iv)	peak at δ = 11.0 (ppm) disappears \checkmark	1	ALLOW COOH (peak) disappears
		Total	12	ALLOW OH (peak) disappears

Qı	uestic	n	Answer	Mark	Guidance
6	(a)	(i)	H ₂ N CH C CH ₃ HOOC	1	Circles can be around C OR CH atoms but must not include other atoms ALLOW any suitable way of highlighting chiral carbons, e.g. asterisk, * Note : Mark the circles and ignore other working on diagram
		(ii)	carboxyl OR carboxylic acid, amine, amide, ester must be names 2 marks for 4 correct functional groups ✓✓ 1 mark for 3 correct functional groups ✓	2	ALLOW peptide for amide
	(b)		HOOC H CH CH CH CH CH CH CH CH	4	ALLOW correct structural OR displayed OR skeletal formula OR mixture of the above (as long as unambiguous) ALLOW + charge on H of NH ₃ groups, ie NH ₃ ⁺ Note: If there are more than three structures shown, credit any correct structures and ignore incorrect structures

F324 Mark Scheme June 2011

Q	Question		Answer	Mark	Guidance
6	(c)	on	(adverse) side effects OR toxicity OR irritation ✓	1	ALLOW a stated adverse side effect, eg allergy, carcinogenic, hyperactivity etc IGNORE references to optical isomers, chirality, etc IGNORE vague statements such as harmful to body, dangerous to body DO NOT ALLOW obesity, corrosive to body
					ALLOW company liable to litigation/damages Note: Scroll down to bottom of page to check for any further
			Total	8	writing

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